

Murder of Ex-Czar Confirmed by Moscow

Are You Enrolled for Thrift?
Last Day for Pledges
To Buy
War Savings Stamps

The Evening World.

Probably showers to-night; warmer to-morrow.
FINAL EDITION

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2,000 HUNGARIANS TO BE SHOT LENINE REPORTED OVERTHROWN

2,000,000 SAVINGS PLEDGES BY TO-NIGHT, WORKERS' AIM; DRIVE ENDING WITH RUSH

War Stamp Campaign Expected to Yield Government \$150,000,000.

LIMIT CLUB "OVER TOP."

Notables Speak and Muratore Sings at Sub-Treasury—Parade Downtown.

This is National War Savings Day, set aside by President Wilson, who asks you to buy at least one War Savings Stamp no matter what the amount of your pledges made during the drive of the last week. Incidentally it is the last day of the drive. New York's estimated quota is 2,000,000 pledges, which it is hoped will net \$150,000,000.

New York was short 250,000 pledges of the quota at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and word was sent from the War Savings Stamp headquarters to all workers to redouble their efforts. New York went "over the top" in the Liberty Loan, the Red Cross drive and the Knights of Columbus drive. It cannot fail to uphold this reputation in this drive. Buy another stamp!

The first of the working groups to report 100 per cent. was The Limit Club. To become a member of this organization it was necessary to pledge \$1,000 for War Savings Stamps by the end of the year. One thousand members at \$1,000 apiece were sought. At 10 o'clock this morning headquarters reported that the 100 per cent mark had been reached and that the 1,000 members were enrolled, thereby securing \$1,000,000 for Uncle Sam by Dec. 31.

When the drive ends at midnight to-night, the Campaign Committee believes an income of \$1,000,000 a week will have been assured the Government for the rest of the year. The city's already secured a week from each signer. This amounts to something more than \$700,000. There are twenty-six weeks remaining in this year, so a total of \$20,000,000 is already assured.

The War Savings Committee takes particular pride in the work accomplished, because, it points out, the general sale of stamps will go on in addition to the sale to those who are fulfilling their pledges. This general sale is expected almost to double the city's War Savings Stamp contribution.

Optimism with regard to the final number of pledges at midnight to-night is strengthened by the reported increase in pledges for yesterday. The quota set for the number of War Savings societies was exceeded by 315. The mark had been set at 10,000, but with the 3,462 societies added to the list yesterday, the total was brought to 13,462. The average membership of these societies is 100, making the total number of pledges secured through societies 1,346,200. No time will be spent in the organization of War Savings Societies to-day, every effort being bent on winning individual pledges.

At the request of the War Savings Committee, all of the Judges and Magistrates sitting this morning in 150 courts opened court with a five-

GERMAN AIRPLANES AGAIN BOMB PARIS, 11 DEAD; 14 HURT

Enemy, Raiding City From Different Points, Subject to a Violent Gun Fire.

PARIS, June 28.—Eleven persons were killed and fourteen injured by the explosion of bombs dropped by German airmen in last night's air raid, it was officially announced to-day.

In addition, the Matin declared that great material damage was done. The enemy planes, which arrived at the city over different routes, were subjected to the most violent gun-fire.

Premier Clemenceau visited the ruins to-day.

The alarm was sounded at 10:35 P. M. and the "all clear" signal at 12:05 A. M.

Reports of the raid indicate that the enemy machines took different courses in an effort to break through the defensive barrier fire. During the commotion in the air there created some of the machines evidently were able to effect a penetration, for bombs began to drop almost immediately. There was shortly a lull, after which the bombardment again grew in intensity, and then finally subsided.

President Poincare sent messages of sympathy and solicitude to the victims on behalf of the Government. Cases were reported where careless onlookers were wounded by fragments of shells from the anti-aircraft fire.

M. Teyssier, Chief of the Paris Fire Department, died of suffocation while directing the rescue of victims of Wednesday night's raid.

287 TYPES OF AUTO TIRES TO BE CUT TO 32 BY WAR

Manufacturers Will Begin Elimination at Once and Eventually Get Down to Nine.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Immediate reduction in the number of types and sizes of automobile tires from 287 to 32 has been determined upon by automobile tire manufacturers, in accord with recommendations of the Conservation Division of the War Industries Board. Under the programme announced to-day, by Nov. 1, 1920, all but nine types and sizes will have been discontinued.

AMERICANS KILL OR WOUND 1,100 TO 1,200 AT BELLEAU

Careful Checking Up of Official Reports Shows Heavier German Losses

WITH THE AMERICANS ON THE MARNE, June 28 (United Press).—The total number of Germans killed and wounded in Tuesday night's battle in Belleau Wood is between 1,100 and 1,200, according to a careful checking up of official reports to-day.

NEW YORK-JERSEY TUNNEL PROPOSED BEFORE CONGRESS

Calder and Egan Ask Government to Bear Half of \$12,000,000 Cost.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Representative Egan, New Jersey, to-day introduced a bill to provide Federal aid for construction of a vehicular tunnel under the Hudson River between New York and New Jersey. The bill provides for an appropriation of \$6,000,000 if New York and New Jersey will furnish a like amount.

In the Senate a similar bill was introduced by Senator Calder.

In introducing the Senate bill Senator Calder issued a statement which said in part:

"War conditions have demonstrated the need for prompt measures to relieve the intolerable condition of traffic congestion resulting from complete reliance upon inadequate ferryboats for the transportation of trucks and other vehicles from Manhattan to the Jersey shore.

"Plans must be adopted and put into execution without further delay to tunnel or bridge the Hudson River as a means of furnishing for vehicular traffic quick and continuous connection between these points, unhampered by weather conditions.

"Transportation by ferry is almost entirely superseded by tunnels and bridges between Brooklyn and New York. Communication between Manhattan and the Jersey shore is made rapid, convenient and safe for passenger traffic by means of the Pennsylvania and McAdoo tubes.

"Vehicular traffic, however, between these points must still rely for its transportation upon the slow and antiquated ferry boats.

"The delay resulting from this condition is a tremendous tax not only upon the business community but also upon consumers throughout the country who use the freight handled in this expensive way. During these war times it has resulted also in seriously hampering the Government.

"The coal famine of last winter brought out in a startling way the danger to the city, State and Nation resulting from a complete reliance upon a method of freight transportation between New York City and the Jersey shore."

\$8,000,000,000 ISSUE OF BONDS APPROVED

House Has Now Authorized Total of \$20,000,000,000 in Liberty Loans.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The House voted today to authorize issuance of \$8,000,000,000 more in Liberty bonds. The Treasury Department now has authority to issue a total of \$20,000,000,000 in bonds. The bill also provides an additional \$1,500,000,000 for loans to the Allies.

Heavy Gun Fire Heard Along English Coast.

LONDON, June 28.—Heavy gunfire was heard along the English coast throughout last night. The cannonading, which presumably came from the west front, was also audible in London.

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ENTRIES, Page 11**

BOLSHEVIKI ARE OVERTHROWN, GERMAN TROOPS IN MOSCOW, REPORT FROM COPENHAGEN

Grand Duke Nicholas Said to Have Been Proclaimed Emperor.

LONDON IS DOUBTFUL.

Lenine and Trotzky Said to Have Fled, Leaving Korniloff in Control.

LONDON, June 28.—According to unconfirmed reports to-day the Bolshevik Government in Moscow has been overthrown, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen.

Moscow, the reports add, has been captured by Gen. Korniloff, supported by German troops.

Advices from the same sources assert that Grand Duke Nicholas has been proclaimed Emperor.

Nikolai Lenine, the Premier, and Leon Trotzky, the Minister of War, are said to have fled to the Murman coast.

Gen. Kaledines is said to have cooperated with Gen. Korniloff in the capture of Moscow.

GERMAN SOURCE OF REPORTS MAKES LONDON CAUTIOUS.

The Exchange Telegraph Company publishes its message containing the reports of the Bolshevik overthrow and the accompanying details "with reserve" and points out that the information emanates mainly from German sources and therefore should be received with caution.

The advices declare that the supporters of Grand Duke Nicholas have overthrown the Soviets throughout the Siberian provinces of Irkutsk, Blagoveshchensk and Khabarovsk.

The defeat of the Bolsheviks is said to have been made possible by the victories of the Czech-Slovak forces and the treachery of the Red Guard. Several detachments of the Red Guard are declared to have murdered their officers and then surrendered.

The Copenhagen newspapers, the Agency despatch adds, give prominence to a Berlin despatch quoting the Tages Zeitung of that city as saying it had received a message from its Petrograd correspondent reading as follows:

"It is believed here that the Bolshevik Government will soon be overthrown and that Kerensky is the man of the future in Russia."

Grand Duke Nicholas is an uncle of the former Czar and at the start of the war was Commander in Chief of the Russian Armies. After winning several brilliant victories in the initial Russian advance, he was removed and appointed "Victory of the Caucasus," Sept. 8, 1915.

On June 2, 1917, Nicholas is reported to have been arrested, following the royalist riots in Tiflis, and to have been placed on trial by the revolutionists for high treason. Apparently nothing resulted from the trial, as the Grand Duke later was reported as continuing to plot against the revolutionists.

Gen. Korniloff was former Commander-in-Chief of the Russian

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS, REPORTED PROCLAIMED AS EMPEROR OF RUSSIA



GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS NICHOLAEVITCH

U. S. TROOPS FROM MARNE TO PARADE IN PARIS AND RECEIVE DECORATIONS

Joint Celebrations on Both July 4 and July 14 Arranged for Soldiers.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 28 (Associated Press).—It seems probable that both July 4 and July 14, the French national holiday, will be celebrated jointly by Americans and French in Paris this year.

It is planned that the American units which have so gallantly and effectively aided in stemming the German onrush toward Paris will be decorated in the presence of President Poincare, Premier Clemenceau, Gen. Foch, Gen. Pershing and other notables.

French and American troops, according to the programme, will march side by side in the processions on both holidays.

The successful operations of the Americans on the Marne front have increased the confidence of the French in the capabilities of the American soldiers. Their sphere of activity may be expected to be widened soon to an important extent.

EMMY DESTINN BARRED FROM STAGE IN PRAGUE

AMSTERDAM, June 28 (Correspondence of Associated Press).—Emmy Destinn, the Bohemian opera singer, has been barred from the stage in Prague on the ground that she has placed her services entirely at the disposal of the Czechoslovak agitation. She was to have appeared in opera at Prague during the period recently when bitter anti-Austrian demonstrations took place there.

The police issued a special order forbidding her appearance.

WHEN BRITAIN WEARY
Take Harbord's Arm Division
and before the Russian front is opened, they will be sent to the front.

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL SAID TO CONFIRM DEATH OF EX-CZAR

Berlin and London Both Quote Telegram Signed by Tchitcherine, Foreign Minister.

PARIS, June 28.—The court marshal at Darmstadt, Germany, has received a telegram signed "Tchitcherine" announcing that Nicholas Romanoff, the former Russian Emperor, has been assassinated, says a despatch to the Matin from Bern. The assassination took place between Ekaterinburg and Perm.

LONDON, June 28.—The Frankfurter Zeitung reports that M. Tchitcherine, the Russian Foreign Minister, has telegraphed the Russian Minister at Darmstadt that the former Russian Emperor was murdered a few days ago between Ekaterinburg and Perm, says an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen.

Wolf Bureau Says Ex-Czar Was Murdered While Leaving Train.

AMSTERDAM, June 28.—The Wolff Bureau, the semi-official German news agency, says it has learned from Russian sources that the former Russian Emperor was murdered in a train leaving Ekaterinburg immediately after that city had been captured by Czech-Slovak forces.

The Wolff Bureau also repeats the report that Alexia, the former Russian Crown Prince, died a fortnight ago, after a long illness.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Ukraine newspaper reports quoted in German official wireless bulletins picked up to-day say the former Czar Nicholas was killed by a Russian Red Guard in a personal quarrel. Another German bulletin said the family of the Czar had been taken to Perm.

The despatch from Bern gives weight to the increasing number of reports of the assassination of the former Russian Emperor. Darmstadt is the capital of the Grand Duchy of Hesse, and the former Emperor Alexia is a sister of the reigning Grand Duke. It is not unlikely that the Russian Government, through Foreign Minister Tchitcherine, would inform the Russian court of the death of Nicholas Romanoff before making it public through regular channels.

U. S. PREPARING TO NAME COMMISSIONERS TO RUSSIA

Plans for Assistance Have Reached Point of Considering Personnel.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Plans for sending a commission to Russia to assist that country economically and industrially have advanced to the point where it is possible to announce an official authority that the personnel of the commission is now being discussed.

Men familiar with industrial conditions in Russia and especially those acquainted with the transportation systems of the country are being sought. It may be some weeks before the personnel is completed.

The decision of the Government to fulfill President Wilson's pledge that the United States stands back of Russia ready to give any aid possible, it is understood, will not be changed by developments there.

All reports of sensational developments in Russia are treated by officials here with a disposition to believe nothing until the information comes through direct and official channels. In regard to anything that comes out of Berlin or from any German source State Department officials are frankly skeptical.

OPEN MUTINY IN GARRISONS OF TWO HUNGARIAN TOWNS; REVOLT IN AUSTRIAN ARMY

Violent Demonstrations Among Soldiers Reported in Numerous Cities—Thousands Taking Part in a General Strike at Budapest and Demanding Peace at Once.

PARIS, June 28.—There have been rebellious outbreaks among the garrisons of the cities of Gyor and Pecs, Hungary, as a result of which 2,000 of the military involved in the mutiny have been condemned to death, according to reports received by the Matin to-day.

Both Austria and Hungary are affected by the revolutionary movement, which is said to be in progress on a large scale in Austria, the newspaper despatches say. The spirit of revolt is said to be strong in the army.

Violent demonstrations are reported to have occurred in numerous cities.

[Pecs is the Hungarian name of the City of Pustkirchen, 105 miles southwest of Budapest. The city has a population of about 45,000. Gyor, more commonly known as Raab, is a city of 25,000 population, sixty-seven miles northwest of Budapest.]

LONDON, June 28.—Another Austrian attempt to throw out peace feelers via Switzerland has failed, it was reported here to-day in press despatches from Zurich.

The report said an "unofficial representative had attempted to obtain views held by Allies, but returned to Vienna without accomplishing anything.

COPENHAGEN, June 28.—Thousands of persons are participating in the general strike at Budapest, according to despatches from that city to-day.

Socialist leaders have formed a workers' council and have demanded dissolution of Parliament and adoption of the original electoral bill. The strikers continue their demand that the Government do its utmost to obtain peace soon.

AMSTERDAM, June 28.—Premier Wekerle has admitted to the Hungarian Chamber that it is true work is stopped in most of the factories and that even newspapers are not appearing, according to a despatch received to-day from Budapest.

The Premier said alarmist reports, based on the greatest untruths, are being circulated and the workers refuse to return.

GERMANS MOVE UP BIG GUNS FOR NEW WEST FRONT OFFENSIVE; MAY BE AGAINST AMERICANS

British and French Air Scouts Report Large Bodies of Marching Troops—Heavy Artillery Fire on British Front.

PARIS, June 28.—British and French air scouts reconnoitering the German rear lines have noticed large bodies of marching troops. Lorry after lorry filled with munitions has been seen, making wandering targets for Allied guns. All the roads leading to the front have been repaired and got ready for heavy artillery. In fact, all indications point to the launching of a new German offensive.

Heavy artillery fire of the last few days along the British front is considered here a sign that the approaching attempt will be made there. Germans have been firing thousands of shells into the line running from

(Continued on Twelfth Page.)